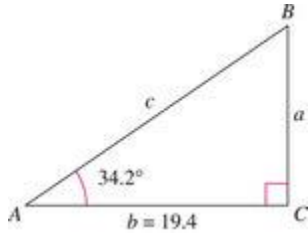


Law of Sines (Section 6.1)

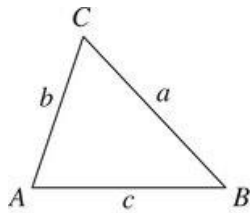
Warm-up: Solve the following triangle.



$a =$ _____
$c =$ _____
$B =$ _____

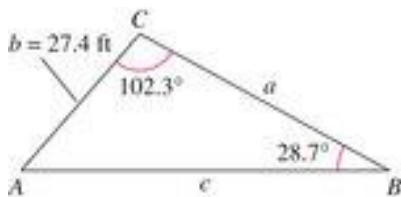
Law of Sines

Consider the following oblique triangle: Oblique Triangle = _____



<p>Law of Sines</p> <p>(Allows you to _____)</p> $\frac{\sin A}{a} = \frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin C}{c}$
--

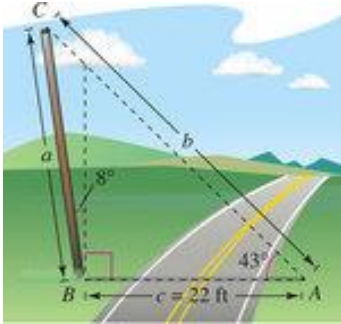
Example 1: Solve the triangle.



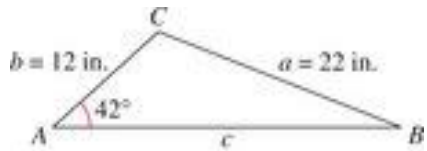
Practice Problem 1: Solve triangle ABC: $A = 30^\circ$, $B = 45^\circ$, and $a = 32$ feet.

Law of Sines (Section 6.1)

Example 2: A pole tilts toward the sun at an 8° angle from the vertical, and it casts a 22-foot shadow. The angle of elevation from the tip of the shadow to the top of the pole is 43° . How tall is the pole?



Example 3: Solve the triangle.



Example 4: Solve the triangle.

$$a = 15, b = 25, \text{ and } A = 85^\circ$$

Example 5: Solve the triangle.

$$a = 12, b = 31, A = 20.5^\circ$$